



# Application procedure for alternative processing methods of animal by-products

Animal by-products (ABPs) are entire bodies or parts of animals, products of animal origin or other products obtained from animals, which are not intended for human consumption. Some of them are authorised to be processed for the production of industrial products. Applications on ABPs should be submitted to the Member State (MS) competent Authority, according to Regulation EC 1069/2009 and Regulation EU 142/2011. Application dossiers are then made available to EFSA by the competent Authority. Annex VII of Regulation EU 142/2011 includes provisions on the format, language and content of the application.

## Legend:

- Applicant
- MS Competent Authority
- European Commission (EC)
- EFSA

Pre-submission phase

Potential applicant requests general pre-submission advice (optional)

Regulation EC 1069/2009  
Regulation EU 142/2011

Potential applicant notifies studies commissioned or carried out as of 27 March 2021

Applicant submits the application to MS competent Authority

MS competent Authority tasks (mandate) EFSA and makes the application available to EFSA

Upon receipt of a notification from EFSA, applicant submits the application to EFSA via PORTALINO

Receipt of the application by EFSA and completeness check

30 working days\*

Submission phase & completeness check

EFSA  
Validates \*\* the application

EFSA launches public consultation on the application dossier

EFSA conducts the evaluation

EFSA Panel adopts the scientific opinion

6 months + Extension if necessary\*\*\*

Confidentiality decision-making and proactive disclosure

Risk assessment phase

EFSA publishes the scientific opinion

Based on EFSA's opinion, the EC adopts a measure authorising or rejecting the alternative method

Post-adoption phase

\*EFSA aims at providing its 1st feedback on Completeness check within 30 working days after receipt of the application. In case certain parts of the application need modification or completion in order to be considered valid, EFSA requests the missing information to the applicant.

\*\* In certain cases, the application might be declared as non-valid (see EFSA administrative guidance for further information).

\*\*\* In case of a request of additional information, the evaluation phase is put on hold until the requested additional information is supplied by the applicant.